

0060215

# **Year Ending 2008 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT**

**For Residents of  
SULLIVAN'S TRAILER  
COURT, INC.**

**A Report of Your  
Water Quality**

Prepared by Fountain Valley Analytical Lab, Inc.  
1413 Old Taneytown Rd., Westminster, MD 21158

**SULLIVAN TRAILER COURT, INC. WATER QUALITY REPORT – Year Ending 2008****Is my water safe?**

During 2008, as in years past, your tap water met all of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state drinking water health standards. In the past few years, we conducted tests for over 100 contaminants. We only detected 14 of those contaminants, and found none at a level higher than the EPA allows. Sullivan Trailer Court, Inc. vigilantly safeguards its water supplies and we are proud to report that our system is below the maximum contaminant level for all regulated contaminants. An unregulated compound, MTBE (a chemical added to gasoline) was found in the water and has been monitored regularly. (See Notes at the end of this document).

**Do I need to take special precautions?**

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

**Where does my water come from?**

The water, which is supplied by Sullivan Trailer Court, Inc., is from a groundwater well.

**Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?**

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

**Monitoring and reporting violations**

Your water is monitored monthly for coliform bacteria, quarterly for nitrates & volatile organic compounds and for other contaminants periodically. A MD State Certified Laboratory, Fountain Valley Analytical Laboratory, Inc. (MD certification number 133), located right here in Carroll County, performs our routine analyses. The MD Department of the Environment also performs periodic analyses and performs regular site-visits to assure compliance with federal and state regulations. If any contaminant is outside of the acceptable limits you will be notified.

**Results of radon monitoring**

Radon is radioactive gases that you can't see, taste, or smell. It is found throughout the U.S. Radon can move up through the ground and into a home through cracks and holes in the foundation. Radon can build up to high levels in all types of homes. Radon can also get into indoor air when released from tap water from showering, washing dishes, and other household activities. Compared to radon entering the home through soil, radon entering the home through tap water will in most cases be a small source of radon in indoor air. Radon is a known human carcinogen. Breathing air containing radon can lead to lung cancer. Drinking water containing radon may also cause increased risk of stomach cancer. If you are concerned about radon in your home, test the air in your home. Testing is inexpensive and easy. Fix your home if the level of radon in your air is 4 picocuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or higher. There are simple ways to fix a radon problem that aren't too costly. For additional information, call your state radon program or call EPA's Radon Hotline (800-SOS-RADON).

**Lead and Copper Rule**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Sullivan Trailer Court is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting, for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your drinking water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791 or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>."

## Results of voluntary monitoring

**Water Quality Data Table**

The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. The presence of contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, may be more than one year old.

**Terms and Abbreviations used below:**

**MCLG:** Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**MCL:** Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**TT:** Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**AL:** Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Contaminants	(units)	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Range Low	High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
<b>Inorganic Contaminants</b>									
Nitrate [measured as N]	(ppm)	10	10	6.8	5.3	6.8	10/09/08	No	Runoff from landfills; Runoff from cropland Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks. Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines.
<b>Microbiological Contaminants</b>									
Total Coliform (% samples)	NA	<5%	0	<5%	N/A	N/A	12/09/08	No	Naturally present in the environment
<b>Unregulated Contaminants</b>									
Sodium	(ppm)	NR	NR	134	N/A	N/A	04/16/08	No	Naturally present in the environment
<b>Volatile Organic Contaminants</b>									
Tetrachloroethylene	(ppb)	0	5	0.6	0.6	0.8	10/09/08	No	Discharge from factories and dry
Trichloroethylene	(ppb)	75	75	0.5	0.5	0.8	10/09/08	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
P-Dichlorobenzene	(ppb)	75	75	0.9	0.7	1	10/09/08	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Monochlorobenzene	(ppb)	100	100	1	1	1.6	10/08/08	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
cis-1, 2-Dichloroethylene	(ppb)	70	70	1.9	1.9	4.2	10/09/08	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Methyl - t - Butyl Ether	(ppb)	NR	NR	1.5	1.5	3	10/09/08	No	Octane enhancer in unleaded gasoline
(See notes below on MTBE)									
<b>Synthetic Organic Compounds</b>									
Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	(ppb)	0	6	0.51	N/A	N/A	04/16/08	No	Discharge from rubber and chemical



Contaminant(s)	(units)	MCLG	MCL	Your Water	Samples > AL # 95%ile		Date	Sample Exceeds AL	Typical Source
Inorganic Contaminants									
Copper	(ppm)	1.3	1.3	0.227	N/A	N/A	12/31/08	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching; Corrosion of household plumbing systems; from wood preservatives
Lead	(ppb)	0	15	0.003	N/A	N/A	12/31/08	No	Corrosion of household plumbing; Erosion of natural Deposits
Your Contaminants	Range (units)	MCLG	Sample MCL	Water	Low	High	Date	Violation	Typical Source
Radiologic									
Gross alpha	(pCi/l)	0	15	4	2	4	07/29/08	No	Naturally occurring
Gross beta	(pCi/l)	0	50	3	N/A	N/A	07/29/08	No	Naturally occurring
Radium-226	(pCi/l)	0	5	0.2	N/A	N/A	07/29/08	No	Naturally occurring
Combined Radium (226+228)		0	5	0.2	N/A	N/A	07/29/08	No	Naturally occurring

**Units Description:**

ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/l)

ppt: parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter

pCi/l: picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

MFL: million fibers per liter, used to measure asbestos concentration

# of monthly positive samples: Number of samples taken monthly that were found to be positive

CFU/ ml: Colony Forming Units per milliliter

NA: Not Applicable or Not Available

mg/L: Number of milligrams of substance in one liter of water

ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/l)

ppq: parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter

mrem/yr.: millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

% of monthly positive samples: Percent of samples taken monthly that were positive

% killed or inactivated: Percentage of viruses/bacteria killed of inactivated by treatment method

ND: Not Detected

NR: Not Regulated

**VIOLATIONS: 1 Violation-** Sullivan's Trailer Court was issued a violation for failing to comply with reporting the Consumer Confidence Report. Fountain Valley Lab completed the CCR by the due date, but was not submitted to MDE in a timely matter. The report was immediately supplied to MDE and the system was returned to compliance. Sullivan's Trailer Court and Fountain Valley Lab are working together diligently to make sure this error does not occur again. There were no potential adverse health effects to any segment of the population due to this violation. Todd Village MHP and Fountain Valley Lab are making every effort to insure your water supply meets all requirements for testing in a timely manner.

**NOTES:** MTBE, a gasoline additive, has been found in the well water at Sullivan Trailer Court. The water is currently being monitored quarterly. Though MTBE is currently considered an unregulated contaminant, the MD Dept. of Environment has recommended a taste/ odor advisory at 20 ppb.

See the MDE web site for additional information: [http://www.mde.state.md.us/programs/landprograms/oil\\_control/mtbe\\_update/index.asp](http://www.mde.state.md.us/programs/landprograms/oil_control/mtbe_update/index.asp)

**For more information contact: Sullivan Trailer Court, Inc., Attn.: Arthur Sullivan, Manager, 2205 Old Westminster Pike, Westminster, MD 21157, Phone: 410-876-2167**

This Consumer Confidence Report was prepared exclusively for Sullivan Trailer Court, Inc. by Fountain Valley Analytical Laboratory, Inc. © 2009